CLAIMS

1. (Currently amended) A method comprising:

storing a plurality of partial keys corresponding to an equal number of original keys in a hash table, wherein storage of the plurality of partial keys requires less memory than storage of the equal number of original keys, and wherein the plurality of partial keys are used to determine hashing conflicts;

applying a hash function to an original key of said equal number of original keys to generate a partial key and a hash value, wherein the hash value includes a number of bits equal to a total number of bits of the original key minus a total number of bits of the partial key;

accessing the hash table according to the hash value;

reading a stored partial key of the plurality of partial keys from the hash table that corresponds to the hash value, wherein the hash value is not stored in the hash table; and executing a conflict check by comparing the partial key generated from the original key with the stored partial key.

2. (Previously Presented) The method of Claim 1, wherein the partial key from the hash table corresponding to the hash value includes saved bits comprising a consecutive, sequential string of bits that is a subset of the original key where the subset includes a majority of bits of the original key.

Do. No. 2705-0726 SERIAL No. 10/696,467

- 3. (Previously presented) The method of Claim 2, wherein the stored partial key comprises a number of bits equal to or more than a number of bits of the original key minus a number of bits of the hash value.
- 4. (Original) The method of Claim 1, wherein the hash value is implemented by a linear feedback shift register.
- 5. (Previously presented) The method of Claim 1 further comprising applying a reverse function on the stored partial key and the hash value to generate the original key.
 - 6. (Previously Presented) The method of Claim 1 further comprising the steps of: reading a result from the hash table corresponding to the hash value; and forwarding a packet of data according to the result read from the hash table.
 - 7. (Currently amended) An apparatus comprising:
- a hash table which stores a plurality of partial keys used to determine hashing conflicts, wherein the plurality of partial keys correspond to a plurality of original full keys:
- a hash function block coupled to the hash table that applies any polynomial to a full key and generates a partial key and a hash value which is used to point to one of the plurality of partial keys stores in the hash table, wherein the plurality of partial keys include saved bits comprising consecutive, sequentially strings of bits derived from the plurality of original full keys, and wherein the hash value includes a number of bits from equal to a total number of bits

of the full key that are not included in any minus a total number of bits of the partial keys key; and

a processor that compares one of the plurality of partial keys to the partial key comprising a majority of bits of the full key, wherein the hash value is not saved in the hash table.

8. (Previously Presented) The apparatus of Claim 7, wherein the hash table comprises a

hash table size.

9. (Previously Presented) The apparatus of Claim 7, wherein the one of the plurality of

partial keys stored in the hash table comprises a number of bits equal to or more than a number

of bits of the full key minus a number of bits of the hash value.

10. (Previously presented) The apparatus of Claim 7, wherein the hash function block

comprises a linear feedback shift register.

11. (Previously Presented) The apparatus of Claim 10, wherein the linear feedback shift

register corresponds to a Galois version.

12. (Previously Presented) The apparatus of Claim 10, wherein the linear feedback shift

register corresponds to a Fibonacci version.

Do. No. 2705-0726 Serial No. 10/696,467 13. (Previously Presented) The apparatus of Claim 7 further including a reverse function generator coupled to the hash table, wherein the reverse function generator restores the full key based on the one of the plurality of partial keys stored in the hash table and the hash value.

14. (Previously Presented) The apparatus of Claim 7 further comprising a forwarding engine coupled to the hash table, wherein the forwarding engine forwards a data packet according to information read from the hash table at an address corresponding to the one of the plurality of partial keys stored in the hash table.

15-26. Cancelled

27. (Currently amended) A method comprising:

generating a partial key and a hash value from an original key, where the partial key includes a consecutive subset of a majority of bits of the original key and the hash value includes a number of bits equal to a total number of bits of the original key minus a total number of bits of the partial key;

accessing a hash table including multiple partial keys, where the hash value is not stored in the hash table;

selecting a stored partial key from the hash table that corresponds with the hash value; comparing the partial key with the stored partial key; and identifying a hash conflict when the partial key matches the stored partial key.

Do. No. 2705-0726 SERIAL No. 10/696,467 28. (Previously Presented) The method of Claim 27 where the multiple partial keys correspond to an equal number of multiple input keys.

29. (Previously presented) The method of Claim 28 where the multiple partial keys are

each selectable according to a different hash value derived from one of the equal number of

multiple input keys.

30. (Previously Presented) The method of Claim 27 where the comparing of the partial

key comprises reading less data than that contained in the original key.

31. (Previously Presented) The method of Claim 32 where the hash value corresponds to

a single entry in the hash table.

32. (Previously presented) The method of Claim 27 including recovering the original key

by combining the stored partial key with the hash value.

33. (Previously presented) The method of Claim 32 where the original key is recovered

by a reverse linear feedback shift register.

34. (Currently amended) A system comprising:

a hash function configured to generate a hash value and a partial key from an input key,

where the partial key includes a consecutive sequential string of bits derived from the input key

and the hash value includes a number of bits equal to a total number of bits of the input key minus a total number of bits of the partial key;

a hash table including stored partial keys that correspond to an equal number of input keys, where the partial key includes less data bits than the input key and where the hash value is not stored in the hash table; and

a processor configured to:

identify the partial key that is associated with the hash value;
compare the partial key to the stored partial keys; and
identify a hash conflict when the partial key matches one of the stored partial
keys.

- 35. (Previously Presented) The system of Claim 34 where the stored partial keys include a majority of data bits of the corresponding input keys.
- 36. (Currently amended) The system of Claim 34 where the partial key includes multiple consecutive sequential strings of bits derived from the input key, and the multiple consecutive sequential strings of bits are separated by the bits of the hash value.
- 37. (Previously Presented) The system of Claim 34 where the hash value includes an address location associated with the input key.
- 38. (Previously Presented) The system of Claim 34 where the hash value includes bits from the input key that are not included in any of the stored partial keys.

AMENDMENT

PAGE 7 OF 9

Do. No. 2705-0726 SERIAL No. 10/696.467